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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/566,651	02/01/2006	Hirohiko Watanabe	285020US90PCT	7570
22850 7590 08/20/2009 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, L.L.P.		EXAMINER		
1940 DUKE STREET			DUONG, THO V	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3744	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/20/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/566,651	WATANABE ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Tho v. Duong	3744			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ID. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tilt d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 A This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is FINAL . Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-11 is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 12-19 and 21-24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 20 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examin 21.	vn from consideration. For election requirement. Her. Hercepted or b) □ objected to by the election discrepted in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the election is required to the election is required t	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
	Lammer. Note the attached Office	ACTION OF TOTAL 10-102.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/1/06; 1/3/08 and 4/1/09.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Claims 1-11 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as

being drawn to a nonelected species of figures 10-14, there being no allowable generic or linking

claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on

4/27/09.

Applicant's election with traverse of species B of figures 10-14 in the reply filed on

4/27/09 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the search of all the species does

not place any serious burden on the examiner to search all the claims. This is not found

persuasive because the species are directed to the species as listed on page 2 of the Office Action

sent 4/6/09. Each species are identified with different sets of figures and each set of species are

independent and distinct and the search for each species places a serious search burden on the

examiner.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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Claims 12-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Calleson (US 5,152,339). Calleson discloses (figures 7,10 and column 5, lines 8-11) a heat exchanger comprising a first and second header tank arranged as spaced apart from each other and a plurality of tubes arranged in parallel between two header tanks and having opposite ends joined to the respectively header tanks, at least one of the header tank having a front and a rear portion which are asymmetric in cross sectional contour, has at least an outer portion made of an extrudate member (122), and the extrudate member is integrally provided with a ridge (192) positioned on an outer surface of the member away from center thereof with respect to the forward or rearward direction and extending longitudinal thereof, the extrudate member having a front portion and a rear portion which are symmetric except the ridge in cross sectional contour; a first member (150) to be joined to the heat exchanger tubes (112) and be brazed to the extrudate member.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Calleson in view of Lee et al. (US 6,745,827). Calleson substantially discloses all of applicant's claimed invention as discussed above except for the limitation that some of the heat exchanger tubes being arranged in parallel between the inlet header and one of the intermediate header and the other heat exchanger tubes being arranged in parallel between the outlet header and the other

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intermediate header. Lee discloses (figure 1 and column 7, lines 30-43) a heat exchanger that has some of the heat exchanger tubes (51) being arranged in parallel between the inlet header (12) and one of the intermediate header (22) and the other heat exchanger tubes (52) being arranged in parallel between the outlet header(14) and the other intermediate header (24) for a purpose of allowing each individual tube in the front or rear side of the heat exchanger can be individually repair or replaced and the efficiency of the heat transfer can be improved. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Lee's teaching in Calleson for a purpose of allowing each tube in the front or rear side of the heat exchanger can be individually repair or replaced and the efficiency of the heat transfer can be improved.

Claims 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Calleson in view of Baldantoni (US 6,540,016). Calleson discloses substantially all of applicant's claimed invention as discussed above except for the limitation that a process for fabricating a heat exchanger including assembling the header tanks being held by a jig having a recessed portion for an outer portion of the header tank to fit in. Baldantoni discloses (figures 3 and 4) a process for fabricating a heat exchanger including a step of assembling the header tank (10) as held by a jig (32) and the jig having a recessed portion for an outer portion of the header tank (10) to fit in so that the heat exchanger can be assembled easily. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Baldantoni's teaching in Calleson's device for a purpose of allowing the heat exchanger can be assembled easily. Regarding the limitation of a groove formed in an inner peripheral surface of the jig and extending longitudinal for the ridge to fit in, Calleson discloses a ridge (192) formed on the outer

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surface of the header tank and Baldantori teaches (figure 3) that the jig (32) fully conforms to the outer surface of the header tank so that the jig can fully support the header tank. The combined teachings of Calleson and Baldantory would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art to modify the Baldantory's recess to include a groove to accommodate the ridge of Calleson so that the jig can fully conform to the outer surface of the header tank of Calleson.

Claims 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Calleson in view of Voss (US 5,685,366). Calleson substantially discloses all of applicant's claimed invention as discussed above except for the limitation that the evaporator is employed in a refrigeration cycle of a vehicle. Voss discloses (figures 1-2 and column 1, lines 12-18 and column 6, lines 55-65) an evaporator employed in a refrigerant cycle comprising a condenser and a compressor for a purpose of forming a high efficiency, small volume evaporator employed in air conditioning system of a vehicle. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Voss's teaching in Calleson's device for a purpose of forming a high efficiency, small volume evaporator that is employed in a air conditioning system of a vehicle.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 20 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Bertva et al. (US 5,450,896) discloses a two piece header.

Baldantoni (US 2003/0159813A1) discloses a heat exchanger manifold.

Shimmura et al. (US 5,934,367) discloses a heat exchanger.

Haussmann (US 6,082,448) discloses a collector for motor vehicle.

Carlet (US 3,893,611) discloses a jig for brazing elongated heat exchanger.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tho v. Duong whose telephone number is 571-272-4793. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tyler J. Cheryl can be reached on 571-272-4834. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3744

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